

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

L'Oréal

Scope of emissions

Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method

Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

12.824

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

purchased electricity and heat

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

L'Oréal

Scope of emissions

Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

146.463

Uncertainty (±%)

5

Major sources of emissions

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Michelin

Scope of emissions

Scope 1

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

26.785

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

Energy conversion and chemical processes

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Michelin

Scope of emissions

Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method

Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

12.413

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

purchased electricity and heat

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Michelin

Scope of emissions

Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Category 1: Purchased goods and services

Category 2: Capital goods

Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)

Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution

Category 5: Waste generated in operations

Category 6: Business travel

Category 7: Employee commuting

Category 8: Upstream leased assets

Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution

Category 11: Use of sold products

Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

141.765

Uncertainty (±%)

5

Major sources of emissions

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Novartis

Scope of emissions

Scope 1

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

1.414

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

Energy conversion and chemical processes

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Novartis

Scope of emissions

Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method

Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

655

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

purchased electricity and heat

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Novartis

Scope of emissions

Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Category 1: Purchased goods and services

Category 2: Capital goods

Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)

Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution

Category 5: Waste generated in operations

Category 6: Business travel

Category 7: Employee commuting

Category 8: Upstream leased assets

Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution

Category 11: Use of sold products

Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

7.483

Uncertainty (±%)

5

Major sources of emissions

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

OMV AG

Scope of emissions

Scope 1

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

0

Uncertainty (±%)

0

Major sources of emissions

Energy conversion and chemical processes

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

0

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

OMV AG

Scope of emissions

Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method

Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

0

Uncertainty (±%)

0

Major sources of emissions

purchased electricity and heat

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

0

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

OMV AG

Scope of emissions

Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

- Category 1: Purchased goods and services
- Category 2: Capital goods
- Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)
- Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution
- Category 5: Waste generated in operations
- Category 6: Business travel
- Category 7: Employee commuting
- Category 8: Upstream leased assets
- Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution
- Category 11: Use of sold products
- Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

0

Uncertainty (±%)

0

Major sources of emissions

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

0

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3

emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Parker-Hannifin Corporation

Scope of emissions

Scope 1

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

2.970

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

Energy conversion and chemical processes

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e.

purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Parker-Hannifin Corporation

Scope of emissions

Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method

Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

1.376

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Parker-Hannifin Corporation

Scope of emissions

Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method**Scope 3 category(ies)**

Category 1: Purchased goods and services

Category 2: Capital goods

Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)

Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution

Category 5: Waste generated in operations

Category 6: Business travel

Category 7: Employee commuting

Category 8: Upstream leased assets

Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution

Category 11: Use of sold products

Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail**Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e**

15.719

Uncertainty (±%)

5

Major sources of emissions

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Pirelli

Scope of emissions

Scope 1

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

12.531

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

Energy conversion and chemical processes

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Pirelli

Scope of emissions

Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method

Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

5.807

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

purchased electricity and heat

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Pirelli

Scope of emissions

Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

- Category 1: Purchased goods and services
- Category 2: Capital goods
- Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)
- Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution
- Category 5: Waste generated in operations
- Category 6: Business travel
- Category 7: Employee commuting
- Category 8: Upstream leased assets
- Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution
- Category 11: Use of sold products
- Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

66.324

Uncertainty (±%)

5

Major sources of emissions

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Prysmian SpA

Scope of emissions

Scope 1

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

3.672

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

Energy conversion and chemical processes

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Prysmian SpA

Scope of emissions

Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method

Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

1.702

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

purchased electricity and heat

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Prysmian SpA

Scope of emissions

Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Category 1: Purchased goods and services

Category 2: Capital goods

Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)

Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution

Category 5: Waste generated in operations

Category 6: Business travel

Category 7: Employee commuting

Category 8: Upstream leased assets

Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution

Category 11: Use of sold products

Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

19.436

Uncertainty (±%)

5

Major sources of emissions

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Robert Bosch GmbH

Scope of emissions

Scope 1

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

351

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

Energy conversion and chemical processes

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Robert Bosch GmbH

Scope of emissions

Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method

Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

163

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

purchased electricity and heat

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Robert Bosch GmbH

Scope of emissions

Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Category 1: Purchased goods and services
Category 2: Capital goods
Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)
Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution
Category 5: Waste generated in operations
Category 6: Business travel
Category 7: Employee commuting
Category 8: Upstream leased assets
Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution
Category 11: Use of sold products
Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

1.857

Uncertainty (±%)

5

Major sources of emissions

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3

emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

SABIC

Scope of emissions

Scope 1

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

20.615

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

Energy conversion and chemical processes

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e.

purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

SABIC

Scope of emissions

Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method

Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

9.553

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

purchased electricity and heat

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e.

purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

SABIC

Scope of emissions

Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Category 1: Purchased goods and services

Category 2: Capital goods

Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)

Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution

Category 5: Waste generated in operations

Category 6: Business travel

Category 7: Employee commuting

Category 8: Upstream leased assets

Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution

Category 11: Use of sold products

Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

109.106

Uncertainty (±%)

5

Major sources of emissions

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Signify N.V.

Scope of emissions

Scope 1

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

0

Uncertainty (±%)

0

Major sources of emissions

Energy conversion and chemical processes

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member
0

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied
Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member
Signify N.V.

Scope of emissions
Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method
Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level
Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e
0

Uncertainty (±%)
0

Major sources of emissions
purchased electricity and heat

Verified
No

Allocation method
Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

0

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Signify N.V.

Scope of emissions

Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Category 1: Purchased goods and services
Category 2: Capital goods
Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)
Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution
Category 5: Waste generated in operations
Category 6: Business travel
Category 7: Employee commuting
Category 8: Upstream leased assets
Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution
Category 11: Use of sold products
Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

0

Uncertainty (±%)

0

Major sources of emissions

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

0

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Stéarinerie Dubois

Scope of emissions

Scope 1

Scope 2 accounting method**Scope 3 category(ies)****Allocation level**

Company wide

Allocation level detail**Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e**

218

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

Energy conversion and chemical processes

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Stéarinerie Dubois

Scope of emissions

Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method

Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

101

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

purchased electricity and heat

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Stéarinerie Dubois

Scope of emissions

Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Category 1: Purchased goods and services

Category 2: Capital goods

Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)

Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution

Category 5: Waste generated in operations

Category 6: Business travel

Category 7: Employee commuting

Category 8: Upstream leased assets

Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution

Category 11: Use of sold products

Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

1.156

Uncertainty (±%)

5

Major sources of emissions

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd.

Scope of emissions

Scope 1

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

0

Uncertainty (±%)

0

Major sources of emissions

Energy conversion and chemical processes

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

0

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd.

Scope of emissions

Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method

Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

0

Uncertainty (±%)

0

Major sources of emissions

purchased electricity and heat

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

0

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd.

Scope of emissions

Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Category 1: Purchased goods and services

Category 2: Capital goods
Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)
Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution
Category 5: Waste generated in operations
Category 6: Business travel
Category 7: Employee commuting
Category 8: Upstream leased assets
Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution
Category 11: Use of sold products
Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

0

Uncertainty (±%)

0

Major sources of emissions

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

0

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e.

purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Suzano Papel & Celulose

Scope of emissions

Scope 1

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

3.980

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

Energy conversion and chemical processes

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e.

purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Suzano Papel & Celulose

Scope of emissions

Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method

Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

1.844

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

purchased electricity and heat

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e.

purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Suzano Papel & Celulose

Scope of emissions

Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Category 1: Purchased goods and services

Category 2: Capital goods

Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)

Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution

Category 5: Waste generated in operations

Category 6: Business travel

Category 7: Employee commuting

Category 8: Upstream leased assets

Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution

Category 11: Use of sold products

Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

21.065

Uncertainty (±%)

5

Major sources of emissions

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Symrise AG

Scope of emissions

Scope 1

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

1.804

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

Energy conversion and chemical processes

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Symrise AG

Scope of emissions

Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method

Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

836

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

purchased electricity and heat

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Symrise AG

Scope of emissions

Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

- Category 1: Purchased goods and services
- Category 2: Capital goods
- Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)
- Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution
- Category 5: Waste generated in operations
- Category 6: Business travel
- Category 7: Employee commuting
- Category 8: Upstream leased assets
- Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution
- Category 11: Use of sold products
- Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

9.548

Uncertainty (±%)

5

Major sources of emissions

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member**Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied**

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

The Dow Chemical Company

Scope of emissions

Scope 1

Scope 2 accounting method**Scope 3 category(ies)****Allocation level**

Company wide

Allocation level detail**Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e**

28.382

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

Energy conversion and chemical processes

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

The Dow Chemical Company

Scope of emissions

Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method

Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

13.153

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

purchased electricity and heat

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

The Dow Chemical Company

Scope of emissions

Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Category 1: Purchased goods and services

Category 2: Capital goods

Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)

Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution

Category 5: Waste generated in operations

Category 6: Business travel

Category 7: Employee commuting

Category 8: Upstream leased assets

Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution

Category 11: Use of sold products

Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

150.218

Uncertainty (±%)

5

Major sources of emissions

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

The Yokohama Rubber Co., Ltd.

Scope of emissions

Scope 1

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

4.521

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

Energy conversion and chemical processes

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

The Yokohama Rubber Co., Ltd.

Scope of emissions

Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method

Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

2.095

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

purchased electricity and heat

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

The Yokohama Rubber Co., Ltd.

Scope of emissions

Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Category 1: Purchased goods and services

Category 2: Capital goods
 Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)
 Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution
 Category 5: Waste generated in operations
 Category 6: Business travel
 Category 7: Employee commuting
 Category 8: Upstream leased assets
 Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution
 Category 11: Use of sold products
 Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

23.926

Uncertainty (±%)

5

Major sources of emissions

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e.

purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Topsoe A/S

Scope of emissions

Scope 1

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

628

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

Energy conversion and chemical processes

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e.

purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Topsoe A/S

Scope of emissions

Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method

Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

291

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

purchased electricity and heat

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e.

purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Topsoe A/S

Scope of emissions

Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Category 1: Purchased goods and services

Category 2: Capital goods

Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)

Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution

Category 5: Waste generated in operations

Category 6: Business travel

Category 7: Employee commuting

Category 8: Upstream leased assets

Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution

Category 11: Use of sold products

Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

3.326

Uncertainty (±%)

5

Major sources of emissions

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Unilever plc

Scope of emissions

Scope 1

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

14.075

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

Energy conversion and chemical processes

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Unilever plc

Scope of emissions

Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method

Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

6.522

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

purchased electricity and heat

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

Unilever plc

Scope of emissions

Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

- Category 1: Purchased goods and services
- Category 2: Capital goods
- Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)
- Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution
- Category 5: Waste generated in operations
- Category 6: Business travel
- Category 7: Employee commuting
- Category 8: Upstream leased assets
- Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution
- Category 11: Use of sold products
- Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

74.493

Uncertainty (±%)

5

Major sources of emissions

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member**Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied**

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

WestRock Company

Scope of emissions

Scope 1

Scope 2 accounting method**Scope 3 category(ies)****Allocation level**

Company wide

Allocation level detail**Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e**

1.135

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

Energy conversion and chemical processes

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

WestRock Company

Scope of emissions

Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method

Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

526

Uncertainty (±%)

1

Major sources of emissions

purchased electricity and heat

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Requesting member

WestRock Company

Scope of emissions

Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)

Category 1: Purchased goods and services

Category 2: Capital goods

Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)

Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution

Category 5: Waste generated in operations

Category 6: Business travel

Category 7: Employee commuting

Category 8: Upstream leased assets

Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution

Category 11: Use of sold products

Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

Allocation level

Company wide

Allocation level detail

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

6.005

Uncertainty (±%)

5

Major sources of emissions

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

Verified

No

Allocation method

Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Based on the analysis and reporting of the Evonik Carbon Footprint allocation of Scope 1 Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions and its sources is quite easy. Especially Scope 3 emissions upstream show the outstanding position of Category 1 relevance i.e. purchased goods and services as well as Category 12 Scope 3 emissions (end of life treatment) (publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com)

SC1.2

(SC1.2) Where published information has been used in completing SC1.1, please provide a reference(s).

For further information on Evonik's Carbon Footprint kindly check our publication Evonik Carbon Footprint available on www.Evonik.com

SC1.3

(SC1.3) What are the challenges in allocating emissions to different customers, and what would help you to overcome these challenges?

Allocation challenges	Please explain what would help you overcome these challenges
Diversity of product lines makes accurately accounting for each product/product line cost ineffective	focussing on main products of customers
Doing so would require we disclose business sensitive/proprietary information	individual working Groups on Business line level

SC1.4

(SC1.4) Do you plan to develop your capabilities to allocate emissions to your customers in the future?

Yes

SC1.4a

(SC1.4a) Describe how you plan to develop your capabilities.

capabilities have already been developed and are available. More important will be the direct contact on expert level. Evonik does appreciate any direct contact with customers to develop low-carbon solutions along the value chain as well as working on the development of primary data.

SC2.1

(SC2.1) Please propose any mutually beneficial climate-related projects you could collaborate on with specific CDP Supply Chain members.

Requesting member

WestRock Company

Group type of project

Reduce Logistics Emissions

Type of project

Consolidated logistics

Emissions targeted

Actions that would reduce our own supply chain emissions (our own scope 3)

Estimated timeframe for carbon reductions to be realized

1-3 years

Estimated lifetime CO2e savings

2.518

Estimated payback

Cost/saving neutral

Details of proposal

GHG reduction project - Hydrogen Peroxide Dilution on-site - reduced deliveries

The project would be on site dilution of 70% hydrogen peroxide to 50% hydrogen peroxide through a co-flow unit that mixed the peroxide and water on the way to the mills storage tank. A 2nd method would be having a separate tank where water is added to the tank first that would dilute the 70% hydrogen peroxide to 50% when the unloading process is complete.

SC2.2

(SC2.2) Have requests or initiatives by CDP Supply Chain members prompted your organization to take organizational-level emissions reduction initiatives?

No

SC4.1

(SC4.1) Are you providing product level data for your organization's goods or services?

No, I am not providing data

Submit your response

In which language are you submitting your response?

English

Please confirm how your response should be handled by CDP

	I understand that my response will be shared with all requesting stakeholders	Response permission
Please select your submission options	Yes	Public

Please confirm below

I have read and accept the applicable Terms